

VI Semester B.Sc. Examination, May/June 2018 (F + R)

(CBCS – 2016-17 and Onwards/NS-Repeaters – 2013-14 and Onwards)
PHYSICS – VII

Atomic Physics, Nuclear Physics and Material Science

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 70

Instruction: Answer five questions from each Part.

PART - A

Answer any five of the following questions. Each question carries eight marks: (5×8=40)

1. a) Explain Sommerfeld's atom model.

b) Give an account of the spinning electron hypothesis. (5+3)

2. What is Zeeman effect? Give the quantum theory of normal Zeeman effect. 8

Explain molecular spectra. Obtain an expression for the rotational energy levels of diatomic molecule and the frequency of the rotational spectra.

4. a) State the assumptions of Rutherford's α -ray scattering.

b) Obtain the relation between the impact parameter and scattering angle in α -ray scattering experiment. (2+6)

5. With a neat diagram, explain the variation of ionization current with applied voltage in gas ionization detectors.

6. What is a Q-value of a reaction? Explain endothermic and exothermic reaction.

Obtain an expression for the threshold energy of an endoergic reaction.

7. a) Explain any three distinct properties of nano materials.

b) Mention any two applications of nanomaterials.

(6+2)

8. a) Deduce an expression for Lorentz field.

b) Explain any two properties of liquid crystals.

(4+4)

PART - B

Solve any five of the following problems. Each problem carries four marks: (5×4=20)

9. The experimental value of Bohr magneton is 9.21×10^{-24} JT⁻¹ and Planck's constant h = 6.625×10^{-34} J-S. Calculate the specific charge.



- 10. In the Stern-Gerlach experiment silver atoms traverses a distance of 0.1 m in a non-homogeneous magnetic field of field gradient 55 Tm⁻¹. If the velocity of the silver atoms is 450 ms⁻¹. Calculate the separation between the two trace on the collector plate 0.5 m from the pole pieces. Mass of silver atom = 1.79 \times 10⁻²⁵ kg. $\mu_{\rm p}$ = 9.2 \times 10⁻²⁴ JT⁻¹.
- 11. In an experiment in the study of Raman effect using Hg green radiation of wavelength 5461 Å, a stokes line of wavelength 5543 Å was observed. Find the Raman shift and wavelength corresponding to Antistoke's line.
- 12. Neptunium 237(93Np²³⁷) emits alpha particles of energy 4.19 MeV. Calculate the alpha disintegration energy.
- 13. The Q-value of Na^{23} (n, α) F^{20} reaction is 5.4 MeV. Determine the threshold energy of the neutrons for this reaction. Given mass of neutron = 1.00866 a.m.u. and mass of Na^{23} = 22.99097 a.m.u.
- 14. Determine the radial electric field and life of a GM counter tube operating at 1900V with radii of anode and cathode being 0.09 mm and 1.5 cm respectively. The GM tube has guaranteed life counts of 10¹⁰ and operates 20 hrs. per day at 2500 counts per minute.
- 15. Assuming that there are 10²⁷ molecules per m³ in HCl vapour, calculate the orientational polarization at 27°C, if the vapour is subjected to an electric field of 10⁶ Vm⁻¹. The dipole moment of HCl molecule is 3.46 × 10⁻³⁰ cm.
- 16. The atomic weight and density of sulphur are 32 and 2.08×10^3 kg m⁻³ respectively. The electronic polarizability of the atom is 3.28×10^{-40} Fm⁺². If sulphur solid has cubic structure, calculate the dielectric constant.

PART - C

- 17. Answer any five of the following questions. Each question carriestwo marks: (5×2=10)
 - a) Is the energy of the electron in the nth orbit in hydrogen atom is negative. Explain.
 - b) What is the direction of magnetic moment of an electron with respect to its orbital angular momentum? Explain.
 - c) Are Raman scattering and Rayleigh scattering similar? Explain.
 - d) Is quenching necessary in a GM-counter? Explain.
 - e) Can a non-radioactive element be changed into a radioactive form ? Explain.
 - f) Can a photon be used as a projectile in a nuclear reaction? Justify your answer.
 - g) Is silver the best "swimming pool" water purifier?
 - h) Does the pitch of a chiral nematic liquid crystal get affected by temperature and pressure ?